

DATASHEET

SMD • Side View LEDs EAPL3812WA0



Features

- Side view white LED.
- White SMT package.
- Lead frame package with individual 2 pins.
- Wide viewing angle
- · Soldering methods: IR reflow soldering
- Pb-free
- ESD protection.
- The product itself will remain within RoHS compliant version.
- Compliance with EU REACH.
- Compliance Halogen Free .(Br <900 ppm ,Cl <900 ppm , Br+Cl < 1500 ppm).

Description

Due to the package design, 3806 has wide viewing angle, low power consumption and white LEDs are devices which are materialized by combing blue chips and special phosphor. This feature makes the LED ideal for light guide application.

Applications

- LCD back light.
- Mobile phones.
- Indicators.
- Illuminations.
- · Switch lights.



Device Selection Guide

Chip Materials	Emitted Color	Resin Color
InGaN	Pure White	Water Clear

Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta=25)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit	
Reverse Voltage	V_{R}	5	V	
Forward Current	I _F	30	mA	
Peak Forward Current (Duty 1/10 @10ms)	I _{FP}	60	mA	
Power Dissipation	P _d	110	mW	
Operating Temperature	T _{opr}	-40 ~ +85		
Storage Temperature	T _{stg}	-40 ~ +90		
Soldering Temperature	T _{sol}	Reflow Soldering : 260 Hand Soldering : 350	for 10 sec. for 3 sec.	
Electrostatic Discharge(HBM)*1	ESD	2KV, Test/Result: 0/50. Test Times: 3Time.		

Notes: *1The products are sensitive to static electricity and must be carefully taken when handling products.

Electro-Optical Characteristics (Ta=25)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Condition
Luminous Intensity	I _V	1300		1450	mcd	I _F =20mA
Forward Voltage	V_{F}	3.05	7	3.45	volt	I _F =20mA
Viewing Angle	2θ _{1/2}		110		deg	I _F =20mA

Notes:

Bin Range of Luminous Intensity

Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
24	1300	1350		
25	1350	1400	mcd	I _F =20mA
26	1400	1450		

Notes: Tolerance of Luminous Intensity: ±11%

^{1.} Tolerance of Luminous Intensity: ±11%.

^{2.} Tolerance of Forward Voltage: ±0.05V.



Bin Range of Forward Voltage

Bin Code	Min.	Max.	Unit	Condition
6-2	3.05	3.15		
7-1	3.15	3.25	Valt	L =20m A
7-2	3.25	3.35	volt	I _F =20mA
8-1	3.35	3.45	•	

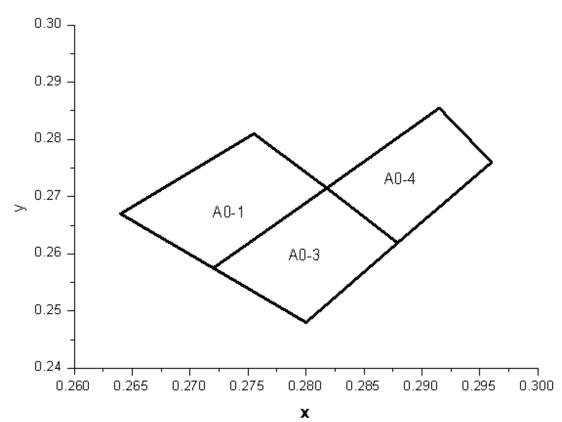
Note: Tolerance of Forward Voltage: ±0.05V

Bin Range of Chromaticity Coordinate

Bin Code	CIE_x	CIE_y	Bin Code	CIE_x	CIE_y
	0.2720	0.2575		0.2800	0.2480
۸0.1	0.2640	0.2670	– A0-3 -	0.2720	0.2575
A0-1	0.2755	0.2810		0.2818	0.2715
·	0.2818	0.2715	_	0.2879	0.2619
	0.2879	0.2619			
A0-4	0.2818	0.2715	_		
	0.2915	0.2855	_		
	0.2960	0.2760	_		

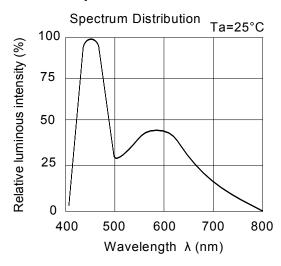
Notes: Tolerance of Chromaticity Coordinates: ±0.01

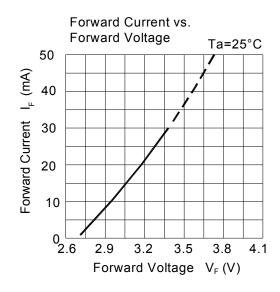
The C.I.E. 1931 Chromaticity Diagram

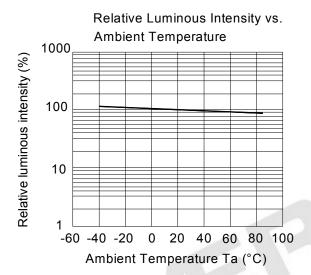


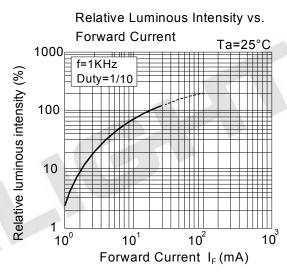
EVERLIGHT

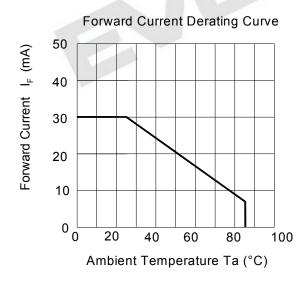
Typical Electro-Optical Characteristics Curves

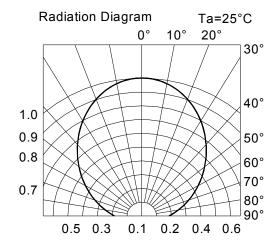




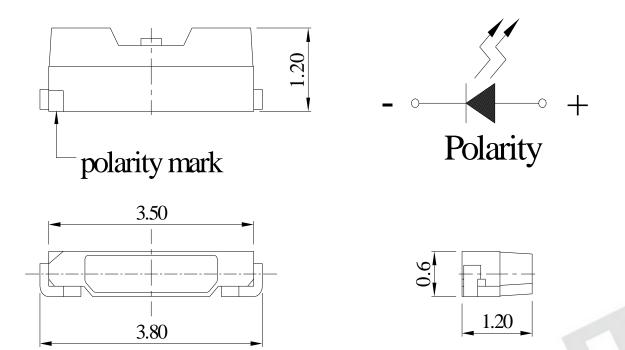


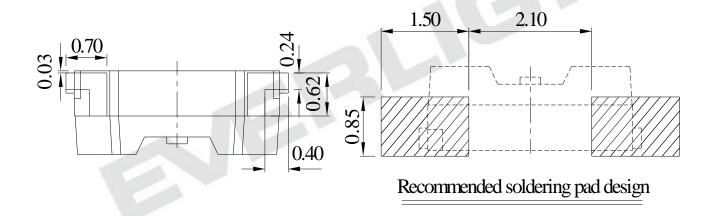






Package Dimension





Note: Tolerances unless dimension are ± 0.1 mm, unit = mm.

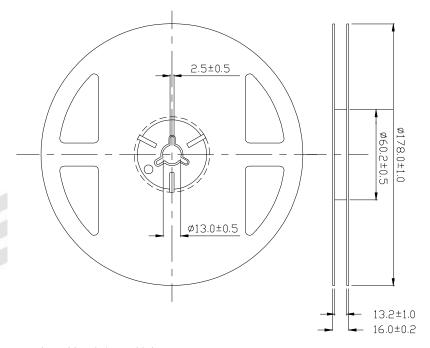


Moisture Resistant Packing Materials Label Explanation

CAT: Luminous Intensity Rank HUE: Chromaticity Coordinates REF: Forward Voltage Rank

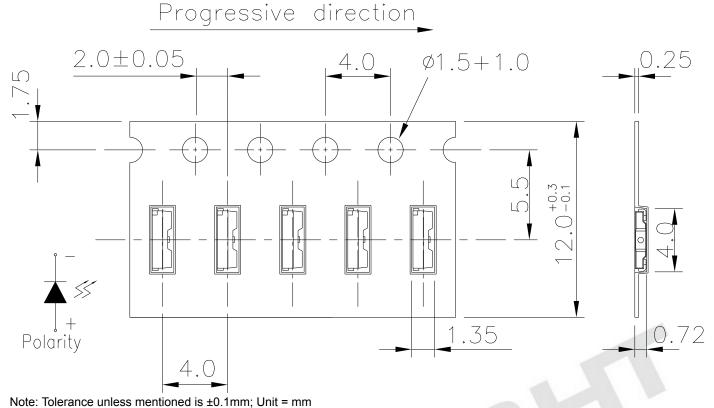


Reel Dimensions



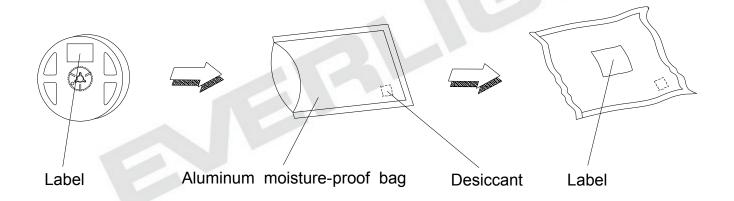
Note: The tolerances unless mentioned is ± 0.1 mm, Unit = mm

Carrier Tape Dimensions: Loaded Quantity 250 up/500/1000/2000 pcs. Per Reel



Note. Tolerance unless mentioned is ±0. min, onit =

Moisture Resistant Packing Process





Reliability Test Items and Conditions
The reliability of products shall be satisfied with items listed below.

Confidence level: 90%

LTPD: 10%

NO	Maria de la companya	Test Condition		Test Hours	Criteria	
NO	Item -	Temp./ Humidity	I _F (mA)	/ Times	Iv @ 20mA	V _F @ 20mA
1	Reflow Soldering	TSId = 260 , Max.	10sec.	2 times	<±10%	<±10%
2	Thermal Cycle	-40 ~ 10 30min. (5min.) 3	200 cycles			
3	Thermal Shock	-10 ~ 10 20min. (<15sec.)	0 20min.	200 cycles		
4	Low Temp. Storage	Ta= -40		1000 hrs		
5	High Temp. Storage	Ta= 100		1000 hrs		
6	Temp. Humidity Storage	Ta= 60 / 90%RH		1000 hrs	lv > ` VF <	70%,
7	Steady State Operating Life of Low Temp.	Ta= -40	20	1000 hrs	VF <	110%,
8	Steady State Operating Life Condition 1	Ta= 25 / Room Humidity	20	1000 hrs		
9	Steady State Operating Life Condition 2	Ta= 60	20	1000 hrs		
10	Steady State Operating Life of High Temp.	Ta= 85	5	1000 hrs		
11	Steady State Operating Life of High Humidity Heat	Ta= 60 / 90%RH	20	1000 hrs		

Sampling for each test item: 22(pcs.)



Precautions for Use

1. Over-current-proof

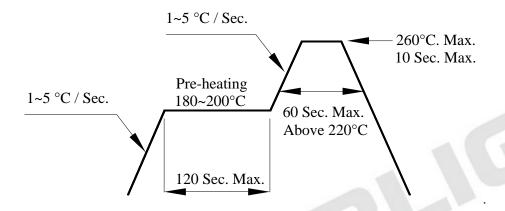
Customer must apply resistors for protection, otherwise slight voltage shift will cause big current change (Burn out will happen).

2. Storage

- 2.1 Do not open moisture proof bag before the products are ready to use.
- 2.2 Before opening the package: The LEDs should be used within one year and kept at 30 or less and 70%RH or less.
- 2.3 After opening the package: We recommend that the LED should be soldered quickly (within 3 days). The soldering condition is 30 or less and 60%RH or less. If unused LEDs remain, it should be stored in moisture proof packages.
- 2.4 If the moisture absorbent material (silica gel) has faded away or the LEDs have exceeded the storage time, baking treatment should be performed using the following conditions. Baking treatment: 60±5 for 24 hours. (One time only)

3. Soldering Condition

3.1 Pb-free solder temperature profile



- 3.2 Reflow soldering should not be done more than two times.
- 3.3 When soldering, do not put stress on the LEDs during heating.
- 3.4 After soldering, do not warp the circuit board.

4. Soldering Iron

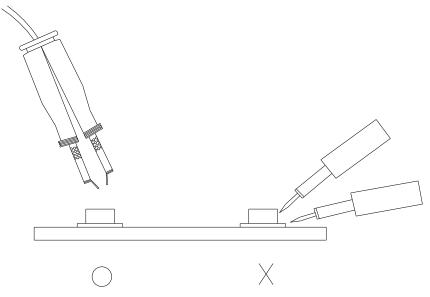
Each terminal is to go to the tip of soldering iron temperature less than 350 for 3 seconds within once in less than the soldering iron capacity 25W. Leave two seconds and more intervals, and do soldering of each terminal. Be careful because the damage of the product is often started at the time of the hand solder.

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5. Repairing

Repair should not be done after the LEDs have been soldered. When repairing is unavoidable, a double-head soldering iron should be used (as below figure). It should be confirmed beforehand whether the characteristics of the LEDs will or will not be damaged by repairing.



6. Handling Indications

During processing, mechanical stress on the surface should be minimized as much as possible. Sharp objects of all types should not be used to pierce the sealing compound